Certified Public Accountants



September 30, 2021

The General Manager and Members of the Buffalo Sewer Authority Board Buffalo, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Buffalo Sewer Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A reasonable possibility exists when the likelihood of an event occurring is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

- *Reasonably possible*. The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.
- *Probable.* The future event or events are likely to occur.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

During our audit, we identified certain matters involving internal control, other operational matters, and future reporting requirements that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated September 30, 2021 on the financial statements of the Authority. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. Our comments are summarized in Exhibit I.

The purpose of this communication, which is an integral part of our audit, is to describe, for management and those charged with governance, the scope of our testing of internal control and the results of that testing. Accordingly, this communication is not intended to be and should not be used for any other purpose.

Drescher + Malechi UP

September 30, 2021

Collateral

As of June 30, 2021, the Authority's deposits were undercollateralized by \$1,487,787. While the deposits were fully collateralized in July 2021, we recommend that the Authority implement a process to ensure that deposits are consistently collateralized in full, and inform the bank of anticipated large deposits to ensure that the entire bank balance is covered.

Future Reporting Requirements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has adopted new pronouncements, which may have a future impact upon the Authority. These should be evaluated to determine the extent the Authority will be impacted in future years.

GASB Statement No. 87—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 89—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for certain interest costs.

GASB Statement No. 91—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 93—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate ("IBOR").

GASB Statement No. 94—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Public and Public-Private Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objectives of this Statement are to improve financial reporting by addressing issued related to public-private and public-public partnerships arrangements ("PPPs").

GASB Statement No. 96—The Authority is required to implement GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users.